

The background features a variety of colorful 3D data visualization elements. In the foreground, there is a large 3D pie chart with segments in yellow, green, blue, orange, and purple. Behind it, several 3D bar charts of different heights and colors (including yellow, red, pink, purple, blue, and green) are arranged in a row. The overall aesthetic is bright and professional, typical of a business or data presentation.

STAR PERFORMING EMPLOYEES:

**Statistical Analysis of What Qualities
Make an Outstanding Employee**

Who are Star Performers?

- Large International Tax Company
- Only 15% of District Managers meet sales goals
- What characteristics does that 15 have that the other 85% did not?



The Sample

- Three Groups of District Managers
 - Australia
 - Canada
 - United States
- Double-blind study
- Tested in four areas
 - Occupation Personality Questionnaire
 - Emotional Intelligence
 - Years of Job Experience
 - Level of Education



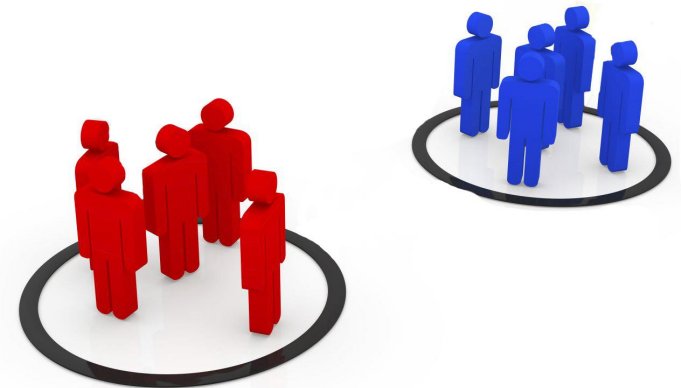
Independent T-Test

- Does the mean of one group differ significantly from the mean of the other group?



Null vs. Alternative Hypotheses

- The NULL states there is no significant difference between groups
- Null is presumed to be TRUE
- Statistically seeking to discredit the NULL hypothesis



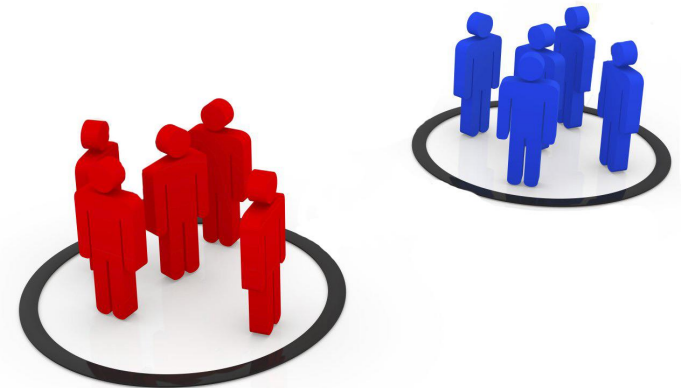
Alternative Hypotheses

- When compared to Non-Star Performers, Star Performers will possess:
 - Greater Achievement Orientation
 - Higher Emotional Intelligence
 - More Experience
 - Higher Levels of Education



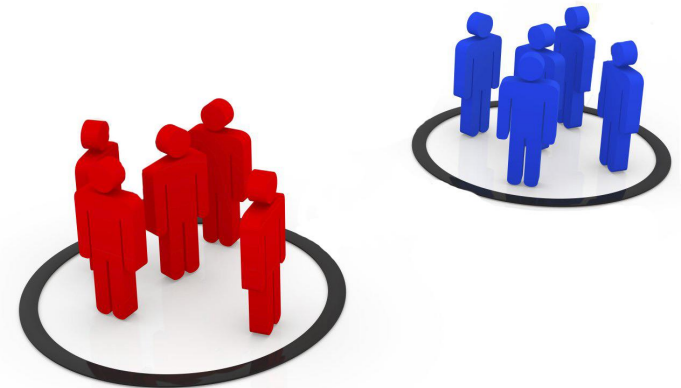
Results - Achievement Orientation

- The Math...
 - $t(58) = 3.75, p < .05 (.000)$
 - *Obtained t-value is greater than t-critical value (1.67)*
 - *REJECT the Null and ACCEPT our Alternative*
- *Star Performers will have a GREATER ACHIEVEMENT ORIENTATION score than Non-Star Performers.*



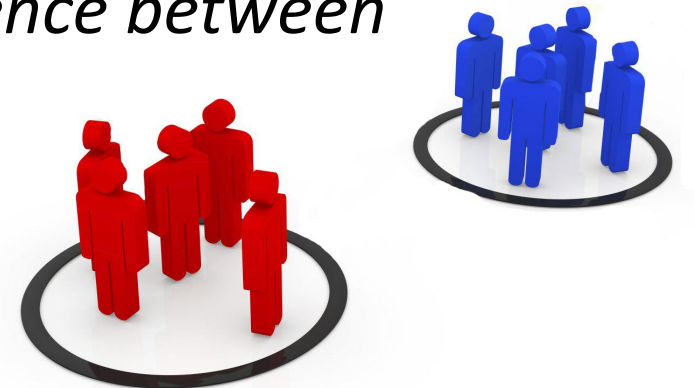
Results – Emotional Intelligence

- The Math...
 - $t(58) = 10.34, p < .05 (.000)$
 - *Obtained t-value is greater than t-critical value (1.67)*
 - *REJECT the Null and ACCEPT our Alternative*
- *Star Performers will have a HIGHER EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE score than Non-Star Performers.*
- *Substantially larger T-Value than other tests*



Results – Years of Experience and Education

- The Math...
 - $t(58) = 3.10, p < .05 (.000)$
 - *Obtained t-value is greater than t-critical value (1.67)*
 - *REJECT the Null and ACCEPT our Alternative*
- *Star Performers will have a MORE YEARS of EXPERIENCE score than Non-Star Performers.*
- *Years of Education DID NOT show a significant difference between Star Performers and Non-Star Performers.*



Correlation

- Is there a relationship between two variables?
- Positive Correlation indicates that the scores of two variables move together. As one increases, so does the other.
- Negative Correlation indicates that the scores of two variables move opposite of each other. As one decreases, the other increases.



Correlation Results

Variable	Correlation Coefficient	Relationship
Achievement Orientation	.44	Moderate Positive
Emotional Intelligence	.81	Strong Positive
Years of Experience	.37	Weak Positive
Level of Education	.19	Weak/No Relationship

*Alternative Hypothesis assumed a Strong Positive Relationship between all four variables and becoming a Star Performer

Simple Linear Regression

- Predicts the value of one variable based on the value of another

Regression analysis

FITS A STRAIGHT LINE TO THIS MESSY SCATTERPLOT. x IS CALLED THE INDEPENDENT OR PREDICTOR VARIABLE, AND y IS THE DEPENDENT OR RESPONSE VARIABLE. THE REGRESSION OR PREDICTION LINE HAS THE FORM

$$y = a + bx$$



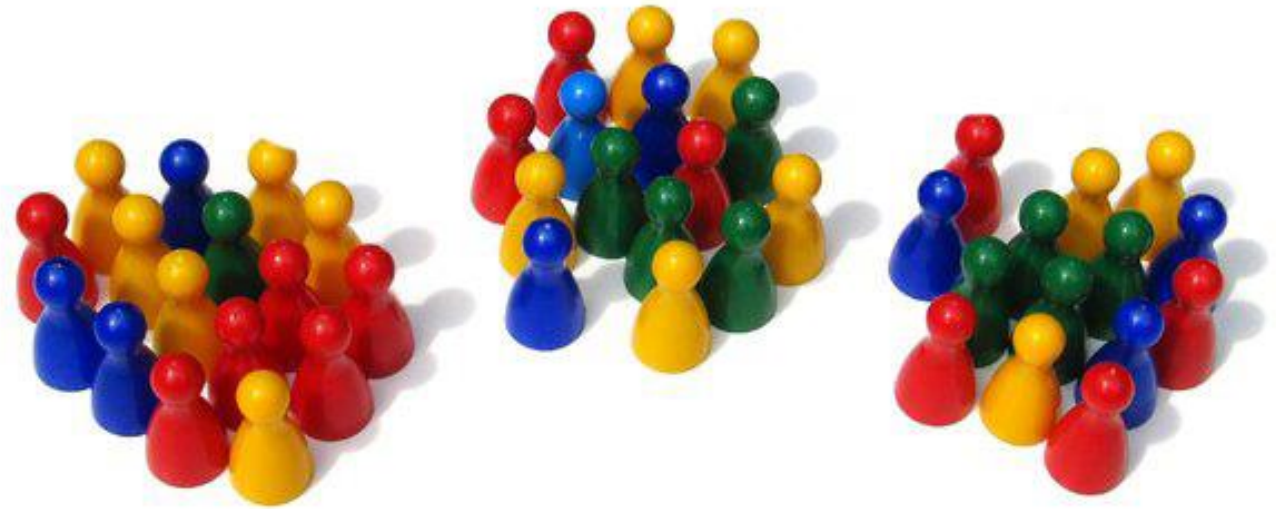
Regression Results

Variable	R ²	Result	Significant or Not
Achievement Orientation	.195	F(1,58) = 14.046, p <.05	Significant
Emotional Intelligence	.648	F(1,58) = 106.96, p <.05	Significant
Years of Experience	.142	F(1,58) = 9.603, p <.05	Significant
Level of Education	.038	F(1,58) = 2.32, p > .05	Not Significant

*R² suggests that x% of the variance in whether or not someone is a Star Performer is due to their score on that variable. For example 19% of the variance in whether or not someone is a Star Performer is due to their score on Achievement Orientation.

ANOVA

- Analysis of Variance
- Is there a significant difference between three or more groups?
- Australia vs. Canada vs. US
- T-Tests to determine where?



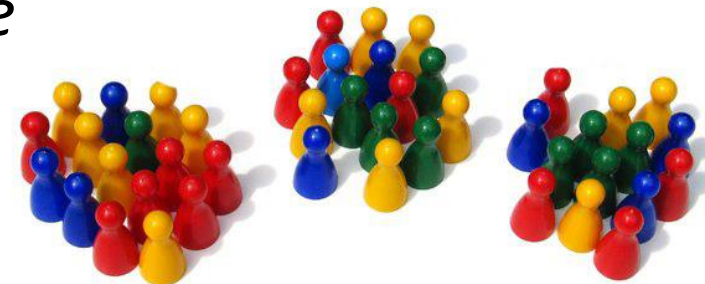
Alternative Hypotheses

- There will be a significant difference between Star Performing Managers in Australia, Canada, and the United States in the following measures:
 - Annual Revenues
 - Annual Tax Returns



Results – ANNUAL REVENUE

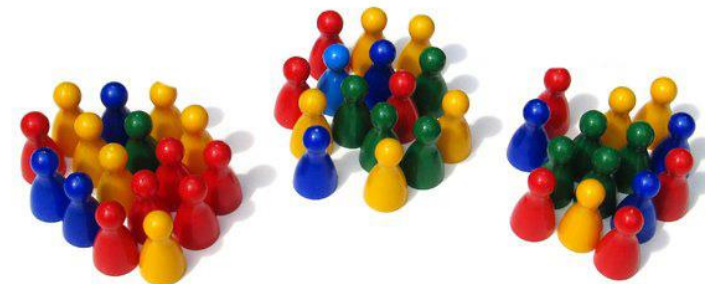
- The Math...
 - $F(2,87) 53.942, p=.000$
 - *SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE found via ANOVA.*
 - *FAIL TO REJECT the Null Hypothesis*
- *T-Tests determined SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES found between all three countries.*
- *United States held the highest mean Annual Revenue*



Results – ANNUAL TAX RETURNS

- The Math...
 - $F(2,87)=5.13, p=.013$
 - *SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE found via ANOVA.*
 - *FAIL TO REJECT the Null Hypothesis*

- *T-Tests determined SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES found between the US and Australia*



CONCLUSIONS

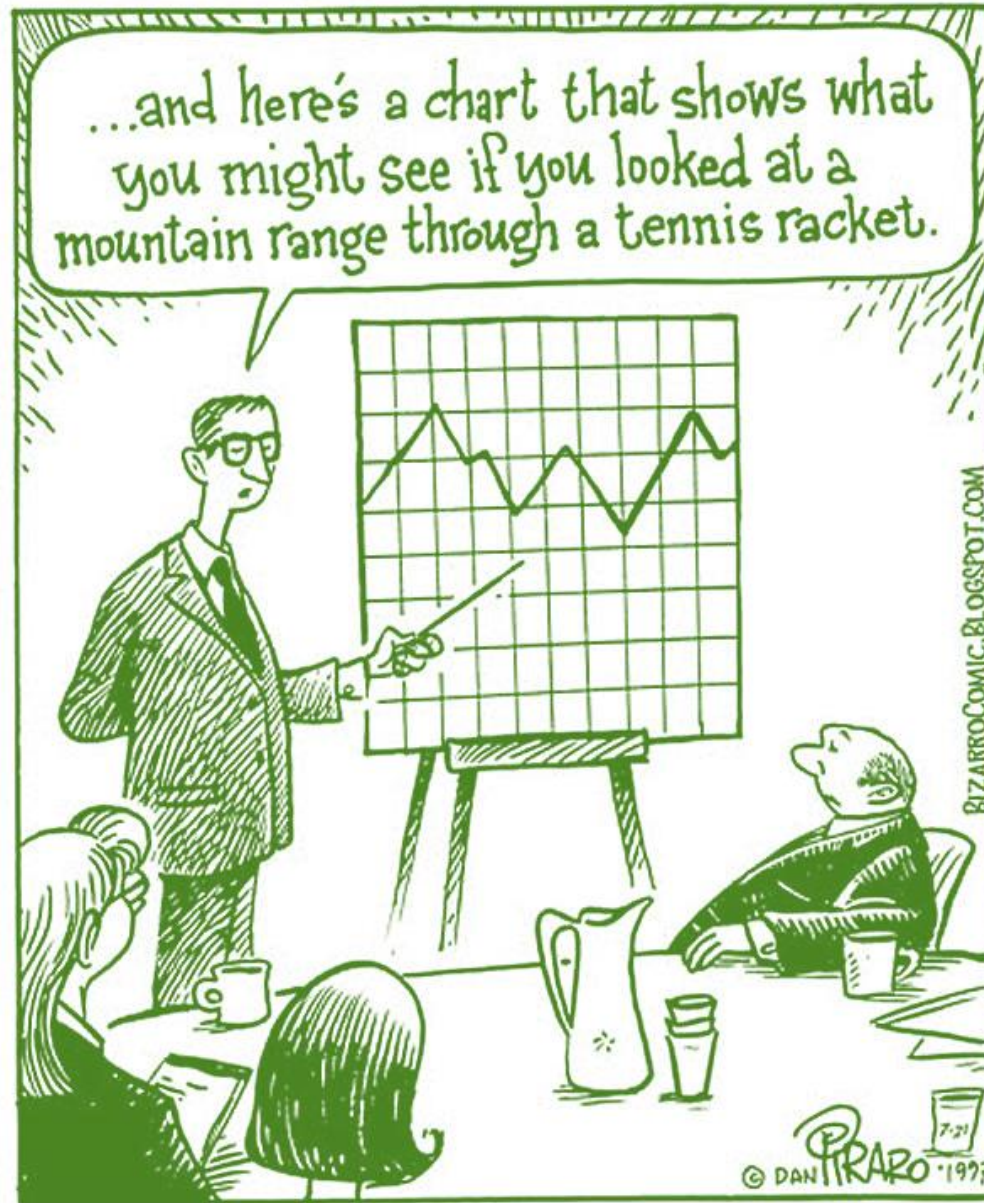
- Consider Achievement Orientation score measured with Occupation Personality Questionnaire
- Consider years of Job Experience
- ANOVA and T-Tests indicate that further research may need to be done to determine why the United States tends to out perform Canada and Australia.



CONCLUSIONS

- Emotional Intelligence seems to be the most important factor in determining a Star Performer





Thank you!